Offset Compensated QUIC Trap

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The quadruple loffe configuration (QUIC) trap was first **Keywords:** demonstrated in 1998 by Hänsch group [1]. The QUIC trap is a simplified version of the loffe-Pritchard (IP) Quadruple loffe Configuration, Ultracold Atoms, BEC, Offset trap[2] and it also provides a magnetic trapping potential with a non-zero magnetic field minimum. The extremely simple coil configuration, greatly reduces the **References** power dissipation and it also improves the magnetic field stability due to the use of a single power supply for [1] T. Esslinger, I. Bloch, and T. W. Hänsch, Phys. Rev. A all coils. These properties make the Quadruple-loffe configuration a very attractive magnetic trap for ultracold atoms and BEC experiments[3]. We purpose a offset compensated QUIC trap, a new of quadruple ioffe configuration, in which of trap displacement is tunable and reduced to minimum from the quadruple trap. We use a compensation coil in our Offset [3] I. Bloch, T. W. Hänsch, and T. Esslinger, Phys. Rev. compensated QUIC trap to compensate for the displacement of quadruple zero from the center towards the loffe coil in the case of a normal QUIC trap. We also investigate the results of Magnetci feild simulations of our new trap and analysis of our new magnetic trap.

Compensated QUIC trap.

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- [2] Wolfgang Ketterle, N.J. VanDruten, Advances In Atomic, Molecular, and Optical Physics Volume 37. 1996. Pages 181-236
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